



Topology Feedback Quiz, week 5: Hausdorffness and compactness

Open books. 10–15 minutes. Not for credit. To be marked in class.



*Felix Hausdorff (1868–1942)
a founder of Topology*

Question 1 ♣ The closed bounded interval $[10, 20]$ in \mathbb{R} is:

- Hausdorff compact
 Hausd. non-comp.
 non-Haus. comp.
 non-H. non-comp.

The half-open interval $[0, 1)$ in \mathbb{R} is

- Hausdorff compact
 Hausd. non-comp.
 non-Haus. comp.
 non-H. non-comp.

The union $[0, 1/3] \cup [2/3, 1]$ is

- Hausdorff compact
 Hausd. non-comp.
 non-Haus. comp.
 non-H. non-comp.

The set $\bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} [\frac{1}{2n+1}, \frac{1}{2n}]$ is

- Hausdorff compact
 Hausd. non-comp.
 non-Haus. comp.
 non-H. non-comp.

The set $\{0\} \cup \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} [\frac{1}{2n+1}, \frac{1}{2n}]$ is

- Hausdorff compact
 Hausd. non-comp.
 non-Haus. comp.
 non-H. non-comp.

\mathbb{R} with cofinite topology is

- Hausdorff compact
 Hausd. non-comp.
 non-Haus. comp.
 non-H. non-comp.

\mathbb{R} with antidiscrete topology is

- Hausdorff compact
 Hausd. non-comp.
 non-Haus. comp.
 non-H. non-comp.

Question 2 ♣ Suppose T_{weak}, T_{strong} are topologies on a set X such that T_{strong} is stronger than T_{weak} . What must be true?

- the function $id_X : (X, T_{strong}) \rightarrow (X, T_{weak})$ is continuous
 the function $id_X : (X, T_{strong}) \rightarrow (X, T_{weak})$ is a homeomorphism
 T_{weak} is Hausdorff implies T_{strong} is Hausdorff
 T_{strong} is compact implies T_{weak} is compact