

**Math 309**

**Continuous Optimization**

**Spring 2012**

Midterm Exam 2

March 22, 2012

**Name (print):** \_\_\_\_\_

**Computing ID:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Signature:** \_\_\_\_\_

Question	Grade
1	
2	
3	
Total	

**Theorem 0.1** (First-order necessary (KKT) conditions). Suppose  $x^*$  is a local solution,  $f$  and  $c_i$  are continuously differentiable and the **LICQ** holds at  $x^*$ . Then there exist a Lagrange multiplier  $\lambda^*$ ,  $i \in \mathcal{E} \cup \mathcal{I}$ , such that

- (1)  $c_i(x^*) = 0$ , for all  $i \in \mathcal{E}$  (*Feasible condition for equality constraints*)
- (2)  $c_i(x^*) \geq 0$ , for all  $i \in \mathcal{I}$  (*Feasible condition for inequality constraints*)
- (3)  $\lambda_i^* \geq 0$ , for all  $i \in \mathcal{I}$
- (4)  $\lambda_i^* c_i(x^*) = 0$ , for all  $i \in \mathcal{E} \cup \mathcal{I}$  (*Complementarity*)
- (5)  $\nabla_x L(x^*, \lambda^*) = 0$

**Theorem 0.2** (Second-order necessary conditions).

$$w^T \nabla_{xx} L(x^*, \lambda^*) w \geq 0, \quad \forall w \in \mathcal{C}(x^*, \lambda^*).$$

**Theorem 0.3** (Second-order sufficient conditions).

$$w^T \nabla_{xx} L(x^*, \lambda^*) w > 0, \quad \forall w \in \mathcal{C}(x^*, \lambda^*), w \neq 0.$$

1. (4+8+8 pt) Consider the problem

$$\begin{array}{ll}\min & f(x) = x_1^2 + (x_2 - 3)^2 \\ \text{subject to} & c_1(x) = x_1^2 - 2x_2 \geq 0, \\ & c_2(x) = x_1 \geq 0.\end{array}$$

- (a) Plot the feasible region and three contours of the objective function (No need to find the minimizer, because it depends on how accurately you draw them).
- (b) Given that  $c_2$  is NOT active at the global minimizer  $x^*$ , find  $x^*$ .
- (c) Show that the **second order sufficient condition** is satisfied at  $x^*$  (no need to check the first order conditions).

2.(15 pt) Consider the problem

$$\begin{array}{ll}\min & f(x) = x_1^2 + (x_2 - 1)^2 \\ \text{subject to} & c(x) = x_1^2 - \kappa x_2 \geq 0.\end{array}$$

Here  $\kappa$  is a positive constant. Find the critical  $\kappa_c$ , such that  $(0,0)$  is a local minimizer for any  $\kappa > \kappa_c$  (and  $(0,0)$  is not a local minimizer when  $\kappa < \kappa_c$ ).

3. (15 pt) Write down the dual problem of the following linear programming

$$\begin{array}{ll}\min & f(x) = x_1 \\ \text{subject to} & x_1 + x_2 = 1, \\ & x_2 \leq 0, \\ & x_2 \geq -1.\end{array}$$