## MT3271: EXAMPLE SHEET ${ }^{1}$ VI

1.) A homogeneous isotropic linearly elastic cylinder of arbitrary cross section is immersed vertically in a stationary fluid of the same density $\rho$. The upper face of the cylinder is level with the free surface of the fluid and the air pressure is zero.

a) State what the tractions on the three faces (top, curved side and bottom) of the cylinder are.
b) State what the body force inside the cylinder is.
c) Determine the stress field in the cylinder from the equilibrium conditions and from the stress boundary conditions. [Hint: Try the simplest linear functions for $\tau_{i j}$ which are compatible with the boundary conditions].
d) Can you be sure that the stress field corresponds to a continuous displacement field? If so, determine the displacement field, ignoring rigid body motions wherever possible.
2.) A homogeneous isotropic linearly elastic body has the form of an infinite circular cylinder of radius $a$ whose outer edge is stress free. It is rotating about its axis with constant angular speed $\omega$. In a coordinate system that rotates with the cylinder, the displacement $\mathbf{u}$ satisfies the Navier-Lamé equations with a body force $\mathbf{F}=\rho \omega^{2} r \mathbf{e}_{r}$. Starting with the assumption that $\mathbf{u}=u(r) \mathbf{e}_{r}$ (because of the symmetry of the configuration), find $u(r)$.

## Coursework

Please hand in the solution to question 2 by Wednesday (in $11 / 2$ week's time). Please place them into the file in Dr. Heil's pigeonhole in the general office on the 4th floor.

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Any feedback to: M.Heil@maths.man.ac.uk

