

## 2M1 – Q-STREAM: EXAMPLE SHEET<sup>1</sup> II

### 1. Solution of PDEs “by inspection”

(a) Show that the function  $u(x, y) = x - y$  is a solution of the PDE

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0.$$

(b) Show that  $u(x, t) = \sin(x + t) + \sin(x - t)$  is a solution of the 1D linear wave equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}$$

(c) Determine the values of the constants  $a$  and  $b$  for which the function  $u(x, t) = e^{at}(\sin x - bx^2)$  satisfies the 1D unsteady heat equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}.$$

### 2. Separation of variables for the 1D linear wave equation

Use separation of variables to solve the 1D linear wave equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}$$

subject to the boundary conditions

$$u(x = 0, t) = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad u(x = 1, t) = 0$$

and the initial conditions

$$u(x, t = 0) = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \left. \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right|_{t=0} = \sin(3\pi x).$$

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3. **Separation of variables for the 1D unsteady heat equation**

Use separation of variables to solve the 1D unsteady heat equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$

subject to the boundary conditions

$$u(x = 0, t) = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad u(x = \pi, t) = 0$$

and the initial condition

$$u(x, t = 0) = \sin(x).$$

**Hint:**

Choose the sign of the separation constant so that the ODE for  $T(t)$  becomes  $dT/dt + \omega^2 T = 0$ , say, where  $\omega^2 > 0$ . This choice is motivated by the physics of the problem. Explain why!