University of The Outer Rim<br>Tuesday, November 9, 3:00-4:00 PM<br>MAT 186F TERM TEST<br>Calculus I<br>Duration: 60 minutes<br>No Study Aids and No Calculators Allowed

TOTAL MARKS: $\mathbf{3 0}$

NAME:

## STUDENT NUMBER:

## SIGNATURE:

## TUTORIAL:

$\qquad$

## TUTOR:

$\qquad$

Instructions: Present in ink your solutions to the following questions in the spaces provided; make sure that your method of finding the solutions is clear. You may use the back of each page for any rough work that you need to do.

1. Using Newton's method to approximate a solution of the equation $\cos x=x$ with the initial guess taken to be $x_{0}=\pi / 2$, what will be the next value, $x_{1}$, generated by the formula?
2. The closed curve $x^{4}+y^{4}=1$ looks like a slightly squashed circle and surrounds a region $R$. Find the rectangle of largest area inscribed in the region $R$.
3. Given that $F(x)=\int_{0}^{x^{2}+2 x} \sqrt{1+t^{43}} d t$, find $F^{\prime}(x)$.
4. The function $f(x)=\frac{x^{2}-2 x-2}{x-3}$ is asymptotic to a line $y=m x+c$. Find $m, c$ and sketch $f$ over the range $[0,5]$, indicating all local extrema.
5. Sketch the curve $y=\left|(x-1)^{3}\right|$ and find the area under it, over the interval $[0,2]$.
6. Given that $f(x)=x^{3} \sqrt{1-x^{4}}$,
(a) evaluate the integral of $f$ over the interval $[0,1]$
(b) write down the Mathematica input required to compute this integral.
7. A vehicle travelling at $60 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ applies constant deceleration $a$ and comes to a stop after travelling a further distance of 100 m . What was the constant deceleration?
