

European Functional Cardiac Modeling Meeting

Modeling of Anatomy, Electrophysiology and Tension Development in the Human Heart

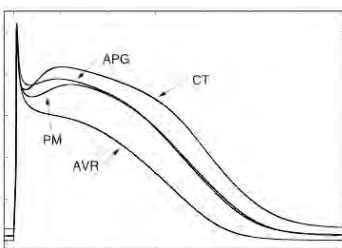
Dr.-Ing. Gunnar Seemann



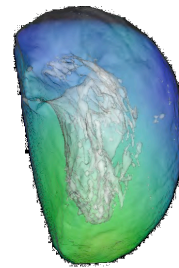
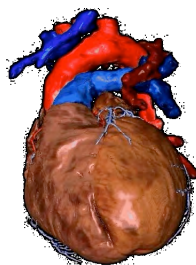
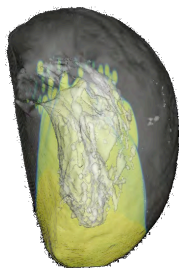
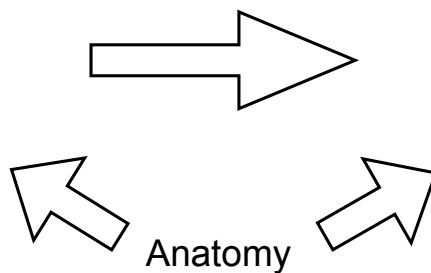
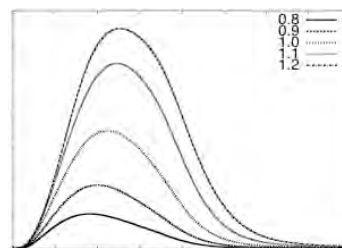
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Overview

Electro-
physiology

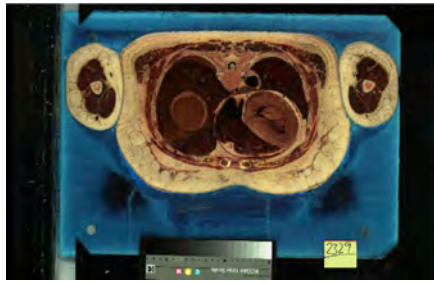


Tension
development



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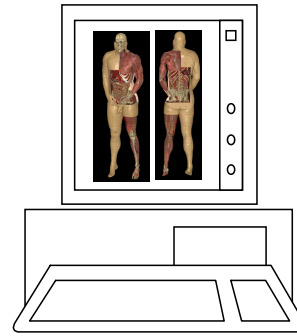
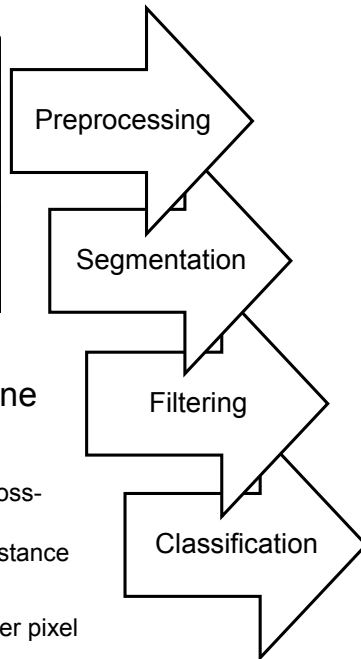
Anatomical Modeling



Visible Human Project
National Library of Medicine

Thin section photos

~ 1800 (male) and 5000 (female) cross-sectional digital images
1 mm (male) and 0.33 mm (female) distance between images
1280 x 2048 pixels per image
0.33 mm x 0.33 mm x 3 colors x 8 bit per pixel



Anatomical Models

Cubic voxel representation

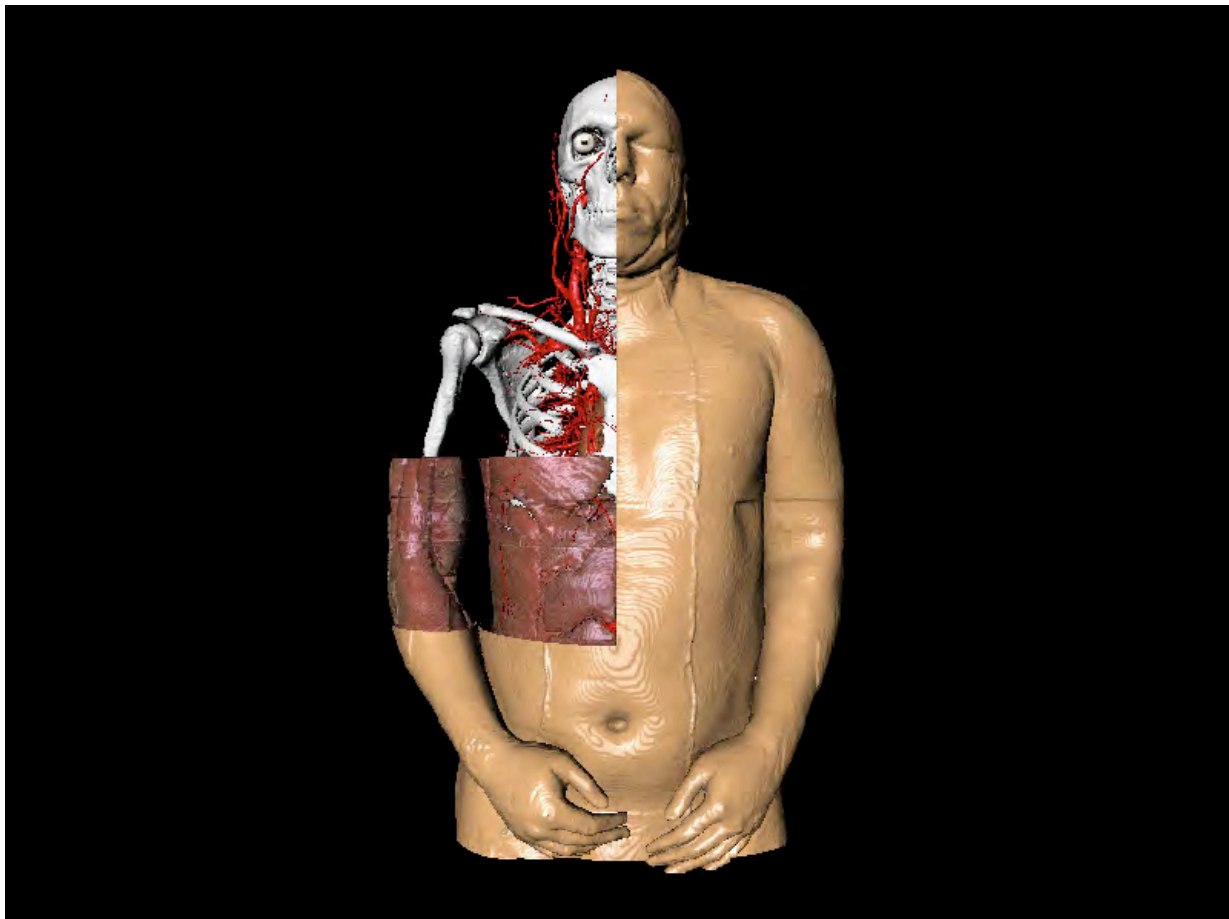
1 mm x 1 mm x 1 mm (male) and
0.33 mm x 0.33 mm x 0.33 mm
(female) per voxel

70 tissue classes
Orientation of muscle fibers



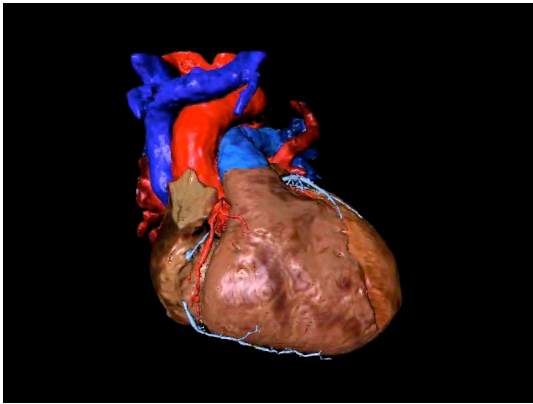
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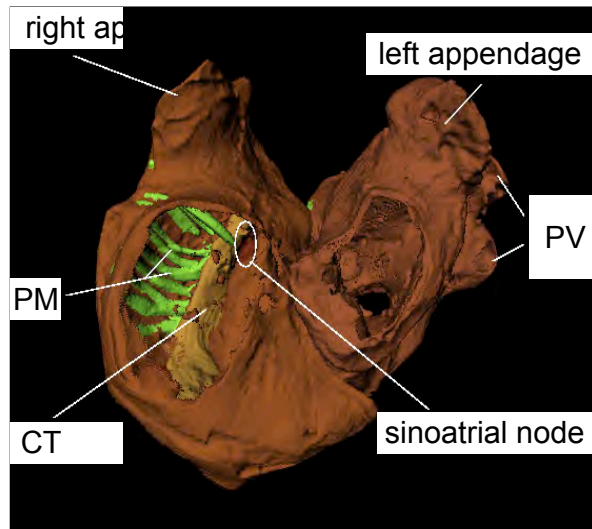
Visible Female Heart

Visible Female Heart



CT: Crista Terminalis
PM: Pectinate muscle
PV: Pulmonary veins

Additionally segmented atrial tissue classes



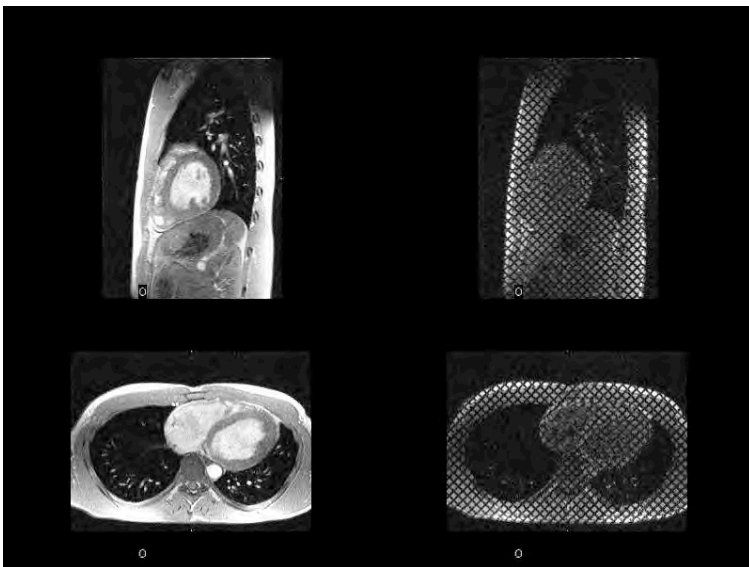
Seemann et al. 2005 Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc. in press



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Individual MR Data and Model



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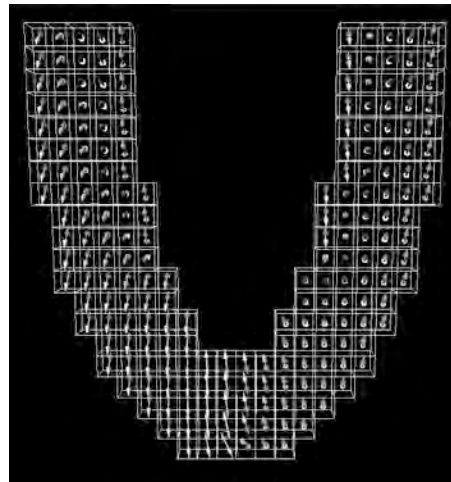
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Fiber Orientation in Cardiac Tissue

Rat – left ventricle



Young et al., 1998, J. Microsc. 192: 139-150



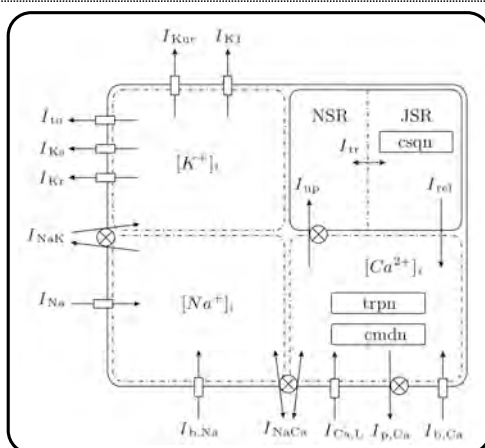
Model



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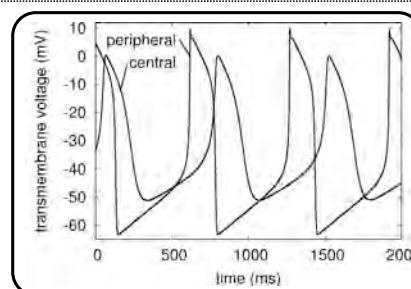
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Atrial Cell Models

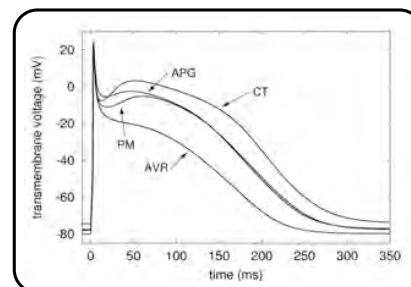


Courtemanche et al., 1998, Am. J. Physiol. 275(44): H3301-H3321

$$\frac{dV_m}{dt} = -\frac{1}{C_m} \left(\sum I_x - I_{inter} \right)$$



Sinoatrial Node



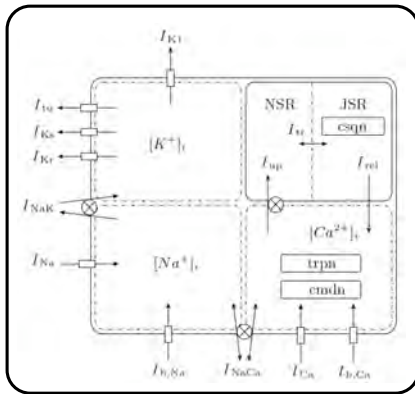
Atrial Cells



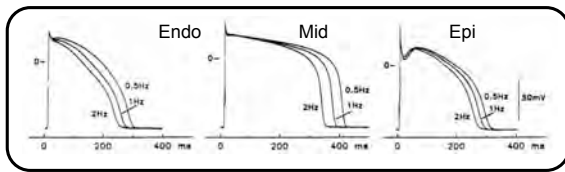
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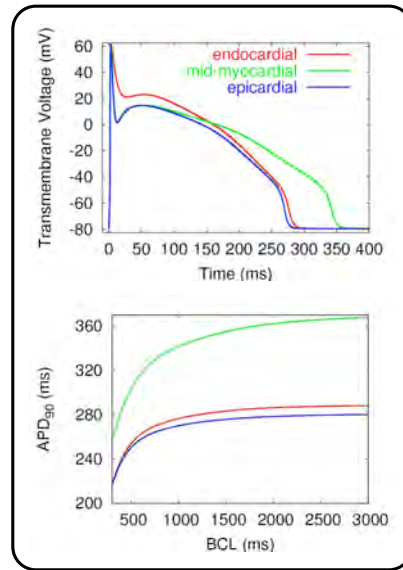
Ventricular Cell Models



Priebe & Beuckelmann 1998 *Circ Res.* 82:1206-1223



G.-R. Li et al. 1998 *Am. J. Physiol.* 275: H369-H377



Seemann et al. 2003 *J Cardiovasc Electrophysiol.* 14(S10):S219-S228



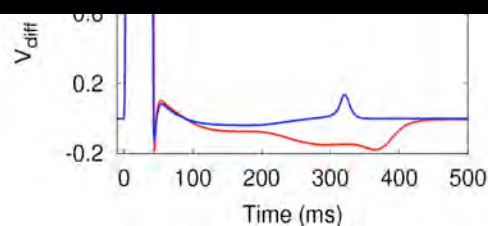
Heterogeneous Ventricle Model

	APD_{Endo}	APD_{Mid}	APD_{Epi}	V_{Rest}
Experiment	263 ± 17 ms	376 ± 31 ms	271 ± 14 ms	-81 ± 3 mV
Simulation	272 ms	343 ms	265 ms	-80 mV

Measurement Transmural ECG Simulation



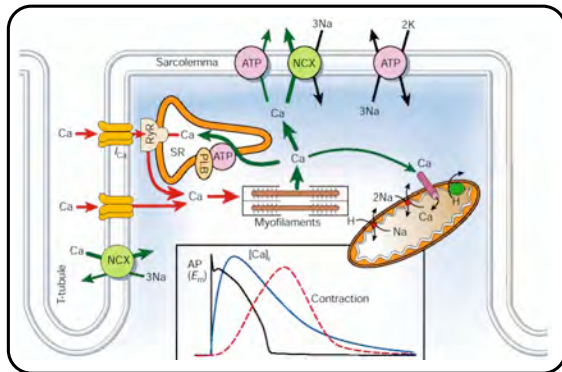
200 msec
Shimizu et al. 2000 *Circ.* 102:706-712



Seemann et al 2003 *J Cardiovasc Electrophysiol.* 14(10):S219-S228

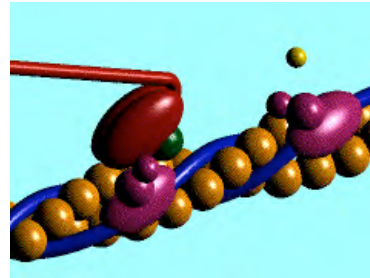
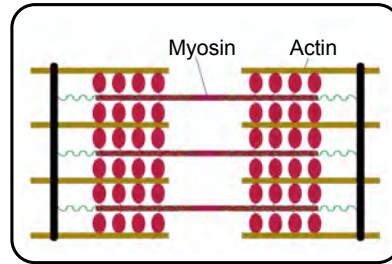


Electromechanical Coupling



Bers 2002 Nature 415:198-205

- ⊗ Calcium binds to troponin C
- ⊗ Shifting of tropomyosin opens myosin binding site of actin
- ⊗ Interaction of actin and myosin
- ⊗ Contraction of myofilaments



http://www.sci.sdsu.edu/movies/actin_myosin.html

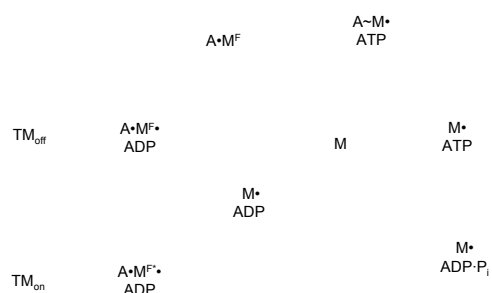


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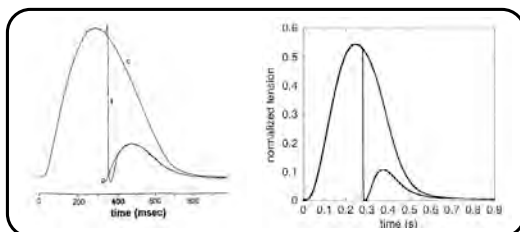
Tension Model

- A Actin
- M Myosin
- TM Tropomyosin
- T Troponin
- ATP Adenosintriphosphate
- ADP Adenosindiphosphate
- P_i Phosphate
- T Stress
- TCa
- v Velocity
- Weak Binding
- Strong Binding

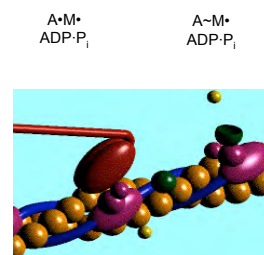


Measurement

Simulation



Peterson et al. 1991 AJP
260:H1013-H1024



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Conduction: Bidomain Model

$$\nabla \cdot (\sigma_i \nabla \Phi_i) = \beta I_m$$

$$\nabla \cdot (\sigma_e \nabla \Phi_e) = -\beta I_m$$

$$V_m = \Phi_i - \Phi_e \quad \frac{dV_m}{dt} = -\frac{1}{C_m} \left(\sum I_x - I_{inter} \right)$$

$$\nabla \cdot ((\sigma_e + \sigma_i) \nabla \Phi_e) = -\nabla \cdot (\sigma_i \nabla V_m)$$

$$\nabla \cdot (\sigma_i \nabla V_m) + \nabla \cdot (\sigma_i \nabla \Phi_e) = -\beta \left(C_m \frac{dV_m}{dt} + \sum I_x \right)$$

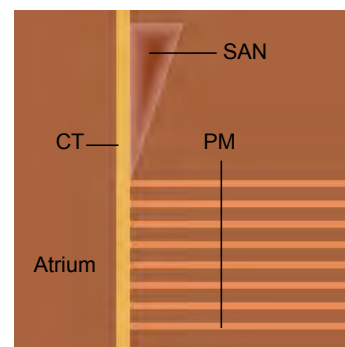
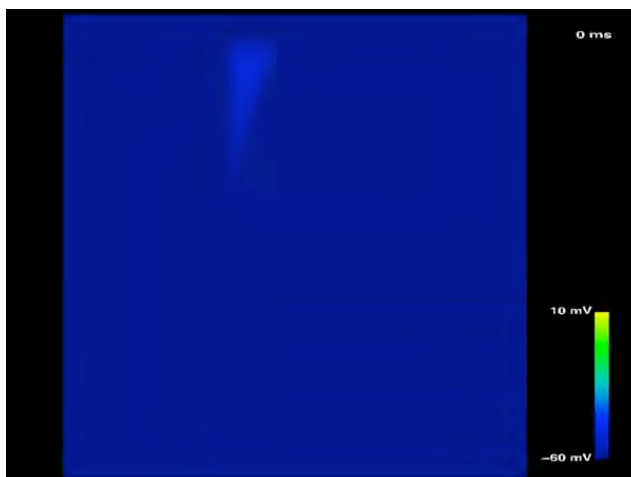
V_m Transmembrane voltage
 Intracellular potential
 Extracellular potential
 Intracellular conductivity
 Extracellular conductivity
 C_m Membrane capacitance
 I_x Ion current of type X
 I_{inter} Intercellular current
 Surface/Volume

Elliptical PDE

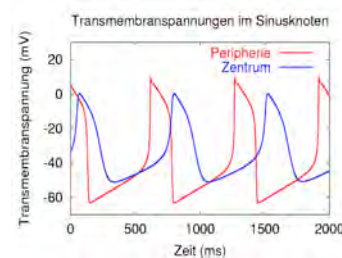
Parabolical PDE



Schematic Right Atrium



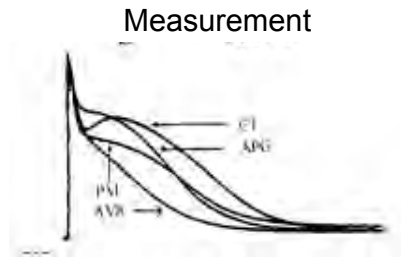
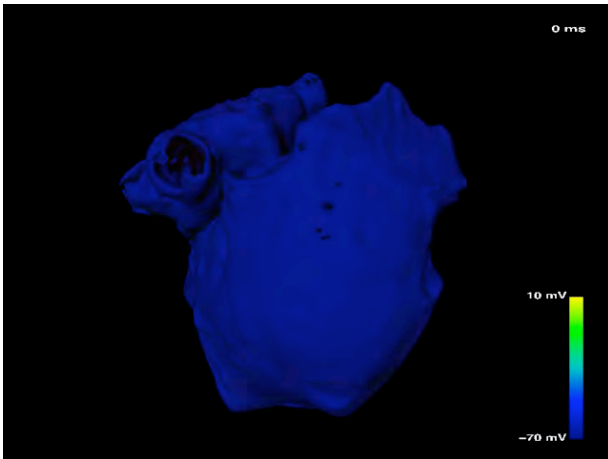
single cell simulation



conduction velocity (m/s)	measured	simulated
atrium	0,68 – 1,03	0,6
Crista Terminalis (CT)	1 – 1,2	1,18 – 1,2
Pectinate muscle (PM)	1,5 – 2	1,54 – 1,58

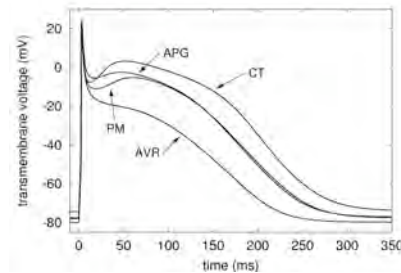


Atrial Simulation



Feng et al. 1998 Circ Res. 83:541-551

Simulation



Seemann et al. 2005 Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc. in press

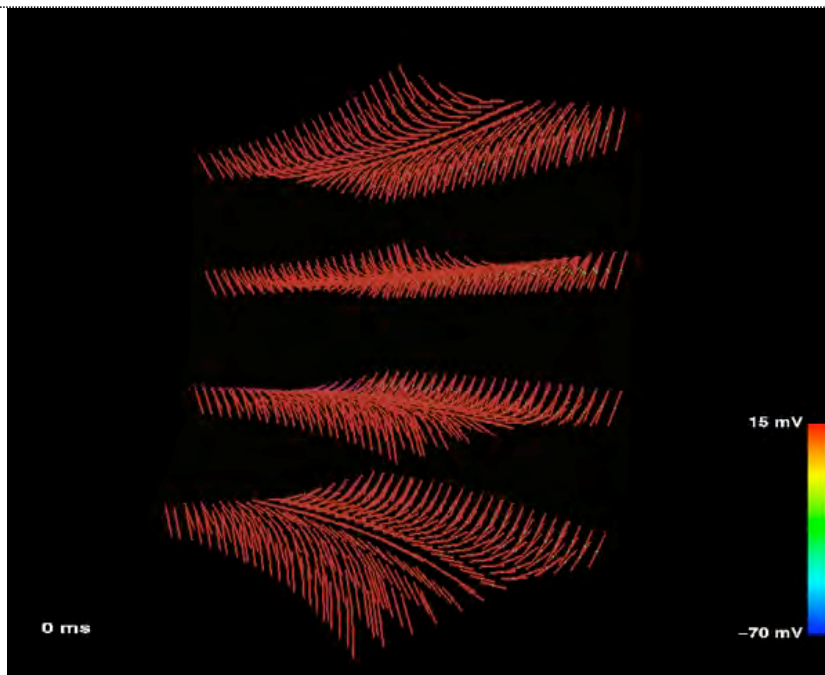
Activation times (ms)	measured	simulated
Bachmann	23	26
right atrium	81	83
left atrium	80	79
complete atrium	120	103



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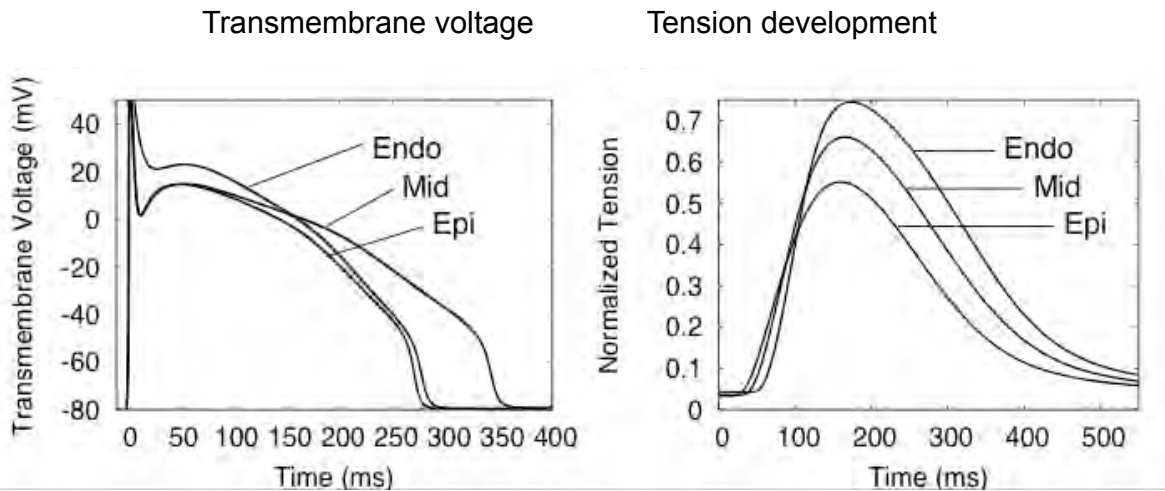
Simulation in the ventricular wall



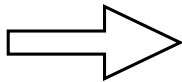
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Ventricular Electromechanics



Seemann et al. 2005 LNCS FIMH:312-319



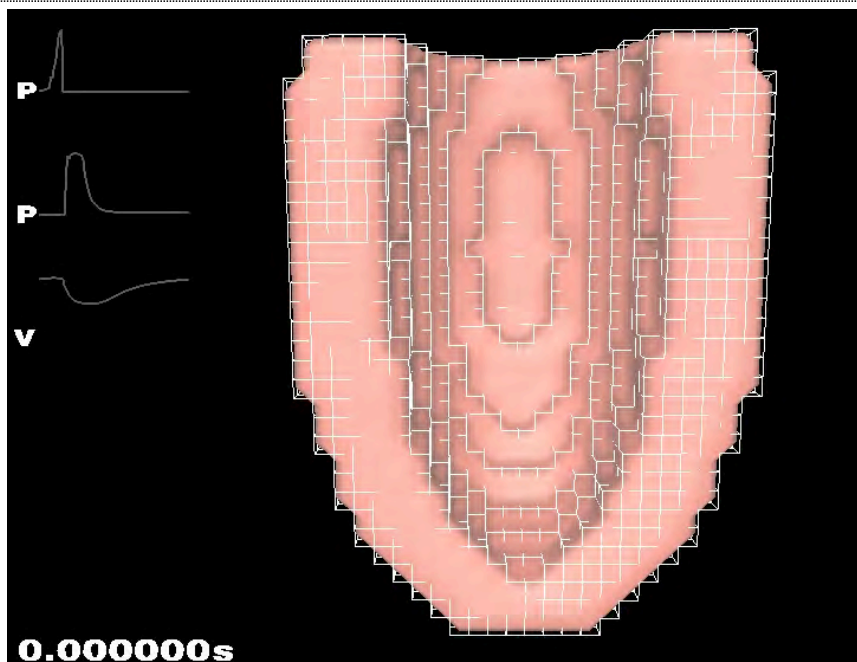
Electrophysiological heterogeneity is one mechanism to homogenize the mechanical process



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Deformation with Spring Mass System



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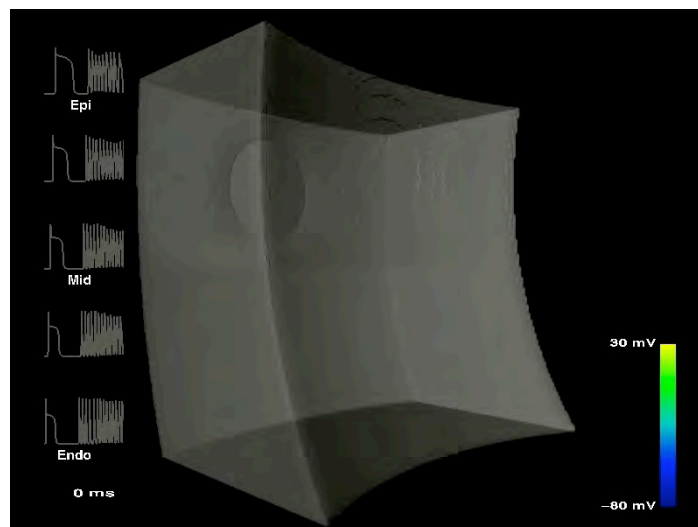
Pathological Modeling: Overview

- Atrial Flutter
- Atrial Fibrillation
- Atrial Electrophysiological Remodeling
- Ventricular Tachycardia
- Ventricular Fibrillation
- Mutations
 - Familial Atrial Fibrillation
 - Long QT Syndromes
 - Short QT Syndrome
 - I_{Ks} Mutations
 - I_{K1} Mutation
- ...



Ventricular Fibrillation

Section of the Left Ventricle



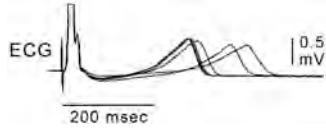
Seemann et al. 2003 Biomedizinische Technik 48-1:226-227



Mutation: Long QT Syndrome

LQT1

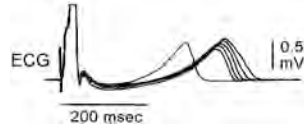
Reduction of I_{Ks}
Defect in gene KCNQ1



Shimizu et al. 1998 Circ. 98: 2314-2322

LQT2

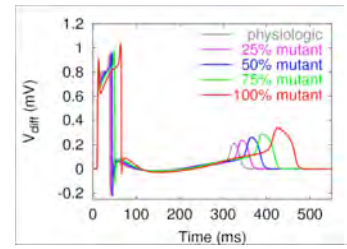
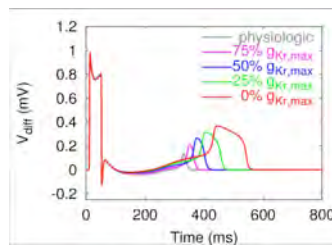
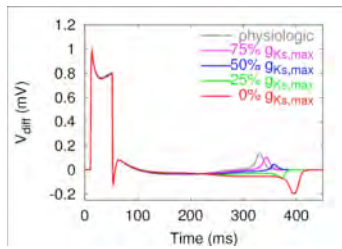
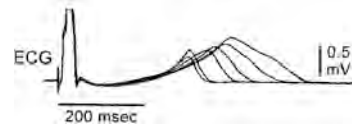
Reduction of I_{Kr}
Defect in gene KCNH2



Shimizu et al. 1997 Circ. 96: 2038-2047

LQT3

Late inactivation of I_{Na}
Defect in gene SCN5A



Seemann et al. 2003 IEEE Computers in Cardiology 30:287-290

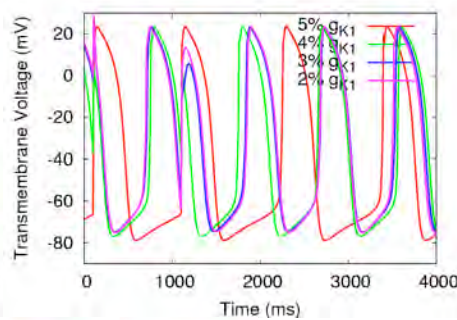
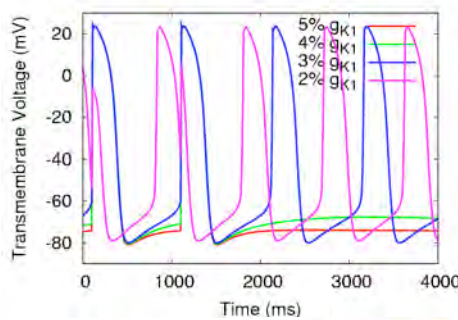


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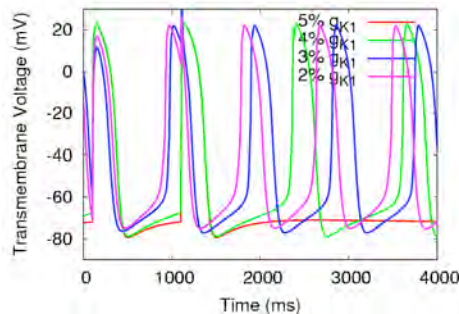
I_{K1} Mutation in ten Tusscher Model

Endo AP



Mid AP

Epi AP

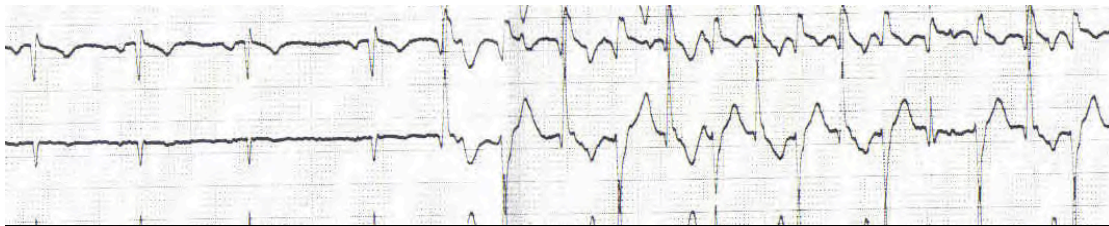
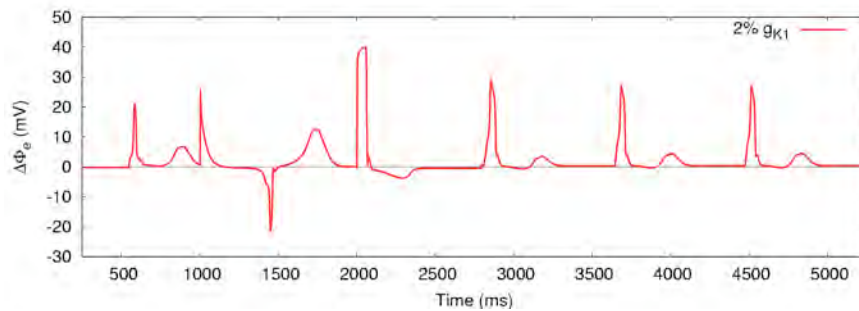


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Mutation: I_{K1}

Transmural ECG in heterogeneous ten Tusscher et al. Model

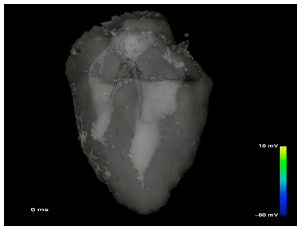


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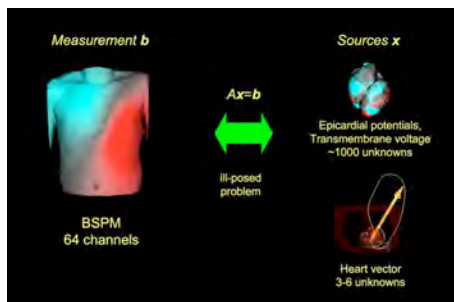
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Other Research Activities

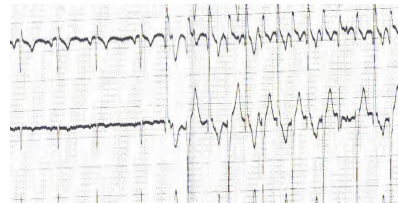
Cellular Automaton for clinical studies



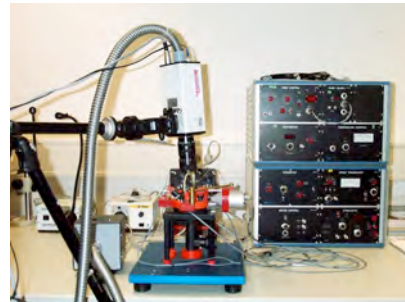
Forward and inverse problem



Multi-channel ECG analysis



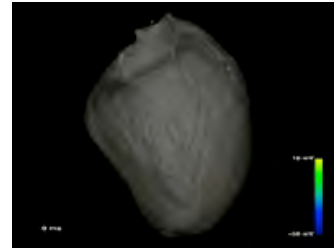
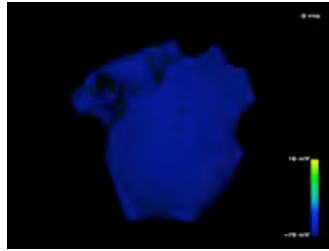
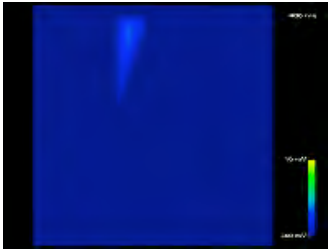
Optical mapping of electrical activity + tension and deformation mapping



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Perspectives



- ⦿ Further heterogeneities (apico-basal)
- ⦿ Further Pathologies esp. arrhythmia
- ⦿ Individual complete heart geometry
- ⦿ Forward calculation on body model
- ⦿ Detailed mechanics and blood flow
- ⦿ Support of drug development
- ⦿ Therapeutical applications

